

关于两参数 Wiener 过程增量的一些结果*

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摘要 本文讨论了两参数 Wiener 过程增量的一些结果. 相应于[1]的讨论, 可找出正则化因子 μ_T , 使得 $\inf_{0 \leq x \leq T-a_T} \inf_{0 \leq y \leq T-b_T} \sup_{0 \leq s \leq a_T} \sup_{0 \leq t \leq b_T} |W([x, x+s] \times [y, y+t])|$ 的上极限为 1. 进一步, 又给出了较一般的增量的上极限以及它的滞后增量的上极限.

关键词 两参数 Wiener 过程, 正则化因子, 增量, 延后增量.

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一 引 言

[1] 中讨论了两参数 Wiener 过程增量有多小的问题, 并得到如下定理:

定理 A 设 $0 < a_T, b_T \leq T$, 且 $a_T, b_T, \frac{T}{a_T}$ 和 $\frac{T}{b_T}$ 都是 T 的不减函数, $R = [x, x+s] \times [y, y+t]$, 则对于两参数 Wiener 过程 $\{W(s, t); s, t \geq 0\}$, 有

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq x \leq T-a_T} \inf_{0 \leq y \leq T-b_T} \sup_{0 \leq s \leq a_T} \sup_{0 \leq t \leq b_T} \mu_T |W(R)| = 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (1)$$

其中 $\mu_T = \left(\frac{8(\log \frac{T^2}{a_T b_T} + \log \log T)}{\pi^2 a_T b_T} \right)^{1/2}$.

进一步, 若还有 $\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T^2}{a_T b_T}}{\log \log T} = \infty$, 则(1)中 \lim 可换成 \lim .

定理 B 设 $0 < a_T \leq T$, a_T 和 $\frac{T}{a_T}$ 是 T 的不减函数, $R = [x_1, x_2] \times [y_1, y_2]$, 则

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq x \leq T-a_T} \sup_{R \in L_t(a_T)} \gamma_T |W(R)| = 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (2)$$

其中 $\gamma_T = \left(\frac{8(\log \frac{T}{a_T} + \log \log T)}{\pi^2 a_T} \right)^{1/2}$, 而

$$L_t(a_T) = \{R : 0 \leq x_i, y_i \leq \sqrt{T}, x_1 y_1 = t, \lambda(R) = (x_2 - x_1)(y_2 - y_1) \leq a_T\}.$$

定理 C 设 $0 < a_T \leq T$, 有

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{a_T \leq x \leq T} \inf_{0 \leq y \leq T} \sup_{R \in M_s(t)} \rho(T, t) |W(R)| = 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (3)$$

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其中 $\rho(T, t) = \left(\frac{8(\log \frac{T}{t} + \log \log t)}{\pi^2 t} \right)^{1/2}$, 而

$$M_s(t) = \{R : 0 \leq x_i, y_i \leq \sqrt{s}, x_2 y_2 = s, \lambda(R) \leq t\}$$

定理 A, B, C 都是讨论这三种增量的下极限, 很自然的一个问题是这三种增量的上极限是什么? 本文回答了这个问题.

二 结论与证明

定理 1 在定理 A 的条件下若还有

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T^2}{a_T b_T}}{\log \log T} = r, \quad 0 < r < \infty, \quad (4)$$

则有

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq x \leq T - a_T} \inf_{0 \leq y \leq T - b_T} \sup_{0 \leq i \leq a_T} \sup_{0 \leq j \leq b_T} v_T |W(R)| = 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (5)$$

$$\text{其中 } v_T = \left(\frac{8 \log \frac{T^2}{a_T b_T}}{\pi^2 a_T b_T} \right)^{1/2}.$$

证明 第一步证明

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq x \leq T - a_T} \inf_{0 \leq y \leq T - b_T} \sup_{0 \leq i \leq a_T} \sup_{0 \leq j \leq b_T} v_T |W(R)| \leq 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (6)$$

为此我们取 T 的一个子列 $\{T_n, n=1, 2, \dots\}$, 使得 $T_n = \theta^n, \theta > 1, \theta$ 待定. 由 $\frac{T_{n+1}^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}}{a_{T_{n+1}} b_{T_{n+1}} T_n^2} \geq 1$ 有

$$1 \leq \frac{a_{T_{n+1}} b_{T_{n+1}}}{a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \leq \frac{T_{n+1}^2}{T_n^2} = \theta^2.$$

并且当 θ 充分小, n 充分大时, 对 $\forall \varepsilon > 0$, 有

$$\frac{1}{1+\varepsilon} \frac{a_{T_{n+1}} b_{T_{n+1}}}{a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \leq 1 - \varepsilon', \quad \varepsilon' > 0.$$

对固定的 $n \geq 1$, 令

$$x_i = i a_{T_{n+1}}, \quad i = 0, 1, \dots, p_n, \quad p_n = \left[\frac{T_n}{a_{T_{n+1}}} \right] - 1$$

$$y_j = j b_{T_{n+1}}, \quad j = 0, 1, \dots, Q_n, \quad Q_n = \left[\frac{T_n}{b_{T_{n+1}}} \right] - 1$$

记 $R_{ij} = [x_i, x_i + s] \times [y_j, y_j + t]$, 于是由 [2] 中引理有

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P \{A_n > 1 + \varepsilon\}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P \left\{ \inf_{0 \leq x \leq T_n - a_{T_{n+1}}} \inf_{0 \leq y \leq T_n - b_{T_{n+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq i \leq a_{T_{n+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq j \leq b_{T_{n+1}}} \left(\frac{8 \log \frac{T_{n+1}^2}{a_{T_{n+1}} b_{T_{n+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| > 1 + \varepsilon \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\leq \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P \left\{ \min_{0 \leq i \leq T_n} \min_{0 \leq j \leq T_n} \sup_{0 \leq a_{T_{n+1}} \leq a_{T_n}} \sup_{0 \leq b_{T_{n+1}} \leq b_{T_n}} \left(\frac{T_{n+1}^2}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R_{ij})| > 1 + \varepsilon \right\} \\ &\leq \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \exp(-cn^\delta) < \infty, \quad \delta > 0. \end{aligned}$$

从而

$$\overline{\lim}_{n \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq i \leq T_n - a_{T_{n+1}}} \inf_{0 \leq j \leq T_n - b_{T_{n+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq a_{T_{n+1}} \leq a_{T_n}} \sup_{0 \leq b_{T_{n+1}} \leq b_{T_n}} \left(\frac{T_{n+1}^2}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| \leq 1.$$

由于 $T - a_{T_n} \geq T_n - a_{T_{n+1}}$, $T - b_{T_n} \geq T_n - b_{T_{n+1}}$, $a_{T_n} \leq a_{T_{n+1}}$, $b_{T_n} \leq b_{T_{n+1}}$, 我们可推得(6)成立, 即第一步证毕.

第二步证明:

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq i \leq T - a_T} \inf_{0 \leq j \leq T - b_T} \sup_{0 \leq a_T \leq a_{T_n}} \sup_{0 \leq b_T \leq b_{T_n}} v_T |W(R)| \geq 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (7)$$

为此令 $T_n = e^n$, $n = 1, 2, \dots$, 对固定的 n 令

$$x_i = ia_{T_n}(\varphi(T_n))^{-3}, i = 0, 1, \dots, p_n, \quad p_n = \lceil \frac{T_n}{a_{T_n}} (\varphi(T_n))^3 \rceil - 1,$$

$$y_j = jb_{T_n}(\varphi(T_n))^{-3}, j = 0, 1, \dots, q_n, \quad q_n = \lceil \frac{T_n}{b_{T_n}} (\varphi(T_n))^3 \rceil - 1,$$

这里 $\varphi(T) = \log \frac{T^2}{a_T b_T} + \log \log T$. 于是由[2]中引理有

$$\begin{aligned} &\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P \left\{ \min_{0 \leq i \leq T_n} \min_{0 \leq j \leq T_n} \sup_{0 \leq a_{T_n} \leq a_{T_{n+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq b_{T_n} \leq b_{T_{n+1}}} \left(\frac{T_{n+1}^2}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R_{ij})| \leq \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon} \right\} \\ &\leq c \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1+\delta}} < \infty, \quad \delta > 0, \end{aligned}$$

所以有

$$\begin{aligned} &\overline{\lim}_{n \rightarrow \infty} \min_{0 \leq i \leq T_n} \min_{0 \leq j \leq T_n} \sup_{0 \leq a_{T_n} \leq a_{T_{n+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq b_{T_n} \leq b_{T_{n+1}}} \left(\frac{T_{n+1}^2}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R_{ij})| \geq 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (8) \end{aligned}$$

记 $R^{(k)}$ 为[1]中(15)式的各矩形, 于是由[1]中(16)式有

$$\begin{aligned} &\overline{\lim}_{n \rightarrow \infty} \max_{0 \leq i \leq T_n} \sup_{x_i \leq x \leq x_{i+1}} \sup_{0 \leq j \leq T_n} \sup_{y_j \leq y \leq y_{j+1}} \left(\frac{T_{n+1}^2}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R^{(k)})| = 0 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (9) \end{aligned}$$

进而有

$$\begin{aligned} &\overline{\lim}_{n \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq i \leq T_n - a_{T_{n+1}}} \inf_{0 \leq j \leq T_n - b_{T_{n+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq a_{T_n} \leq a_{T_{n+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq b_{T_n} \leq b_{T_{n+1}}} \left(\frac{T_{n+1}^2}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\geq \liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} \min_{0 \leq i \leq r_n} \min_{0 \leq j \leq q_n} \sup_{0 \leq k \leq s_{r_n}} \sup_{0 \leq l \leq b_{r_n}} \left(\frac{8 \log \frac{T_n^2}{a_{T_n} b_{T_n}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R_{ij})| \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^6 \overline{\lim}_{n \rightarrow \infty} \max_{0 \leq i \leq r_n} \sup_{0 \leq j \leq q_n} \sup_{0 \leq l \leq b_{r_n}} \left(\frac{8 \log \frac{T_n^2}{a_{T_n} b_{T_n}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R^{(k)})| \geq 1. \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

因而更有

$$\overline{\lim}_{n \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq i \leq r_n - a_{T_n}} \inf_{0 \leq j \leq q_n - b_{T_n}} \sup_{0 \leq k \leq s_{r_n}} \sup_{0 \leq l \leq b_{r_n}} \left(\frac{8 \log \frac{T_n^2}{a_{T_n} b_{T_n}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_n} b_{T_n}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| \geq 1, \quad (11)$$

于是(7)式成立,第二步证毕.

系 在定理1的条件下,有

$$\overline{\lim}_{r \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq i \leq r - a_r} \inf_{0 \leq j \leq r - b_r} \sup_{0 \leq k \leq s_r} \sup_{0 \leq l \leq b_r} \mu_r |W(R)| = \left(\frac{r+1}{r} \right)^{1/2}. \quad (12)$$

定理2 在定理B的条件下,若

$$i) \quad \lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T}{a_r}}{\log \log T} = r, \quad 0 < r < \infty, \text{ 则}$$

$$\overline{\lim}_{r \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq i \leq r - a_r} \sup_{R \in L_r(a_r)} \left(\frac{8 \log T / a_r}{\pi^2 a_r} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| = 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (13)$$

$$ii) \quad \lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T}{a_r}}{\log \log T} = \infty, \text{ 则}$$

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq i \leq r - a_r} \sup_{R \in L_r(a_r)} \left(\frac{8 \log T / a_r}{\pi^2 a_r} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| = 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (14)$$

证明 i) 证明(13)成立.

第一步证明:

$$\overline{\lim}_{r \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq i \leq r - a_r} \sup_{R \in L_r(a_r)} \left(\frac{8 \log T / a_r}{\pi^2 a_r} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| \leq 1 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (15)$$

为此取 $T_n = \theta^n$, $\theta > 1$, θ 待定. 记 $R = [x, x+u] \times [y, y+u]$, 对固定的 n , 用 $\frac{a_{T_n}}{\sqrt{T_n}} (\varphi(T_n))^{-3}$ 来分

割区间 $[0, \sqrt{T_n}]$, 各分点为

$$0, \frac{a_{T_n}}{\sqrt{T_n}} (\varphi(T_n))^{-3}, 2 \frac{a_{T_n}}{\sqrt{T_n}} (\varphi(T_n))^{-3}, \dots, J_n \frac{a_{T_n}}{\sqrt{T_n}} (\varphi(T_n))^{-3}$$

这里 $\varphi(T_n) = \log \frac{T_n}{a_{T_n}} + \log \log T_n$, $J_n = [\frac{T_n}{a_{T_n}} (\varphi(T_n))^3] + 1$.

现在考察以下概率:

$$\begin{aligned}
P(A_s) &\stackrel{\Delta}{=} P \left\{ \max_{1 \leq i \leq J_{s+1}} \inf_{0 \leq t_i \leq T_s - a_{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq u \leq j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq v \leq \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}} \left(\frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_s}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| \geq \sqrt{1+\varepsilon} \right\} \\
&\leq \sum_{j=1}^{J_{s+1}} P \left\{ \inf_{0 \leq t \leq \sqrt{T_s} - j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \inf_{0 \leq u \leq \sqrt{T_s} - \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}} \sup_{0 \leq v \leq j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \right. \\
&\quad \cdot \left. \sup_{0 \leq v \leq \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}} \left(\frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_s}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| > 1 + \varepsilon \right\} \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \sum_{j=1}^{J_{s+1}} P(A_s^{(j)}).
\end{aligned}$$

对于 $P(A_s^{(j)})$, 令

$$\begin{aligned}
x_i &= i(j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}), i = 0, 1, \dots, p_s^{(j)}, \quad p_s^{(j)} = \lceil \frac{\sqrt{T_s} T_{s+1}}{ja_{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^3 \rceil - 1, \\
y_k &= k \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}, k = 0, 1, \dots, Q_s^{(j)}, \quad Q_s^{(j)} = \lceil j \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3} \rceil - 1.
\end{aligned}$$

记 $R_{ik} = [x_i, x_i + u] \times [y_k, y_k + v]$, 于是由[2]中引理有

$$\begin{aligned}
P(A_s^{(j)}) &\leq P \left\{ \min_{0 \leq i \leq p_s^{(j)}} \min_{0 \leq k \leq Q_s^{(j)}} \sup_{0 \leq u \leq j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq v \leq \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}} \left(\frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_s}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R_{ik})| > \sqrt{1+\varepsilon} \right\} \\
&\leq \exp \left\{ - \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{T_{s+1}} \right)^{\frac{1}{1+\varepsilon} \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{a_{T_s}}} \frac{T_s}{a_{T_{s+1}}} \right\}.
\end{aligned}$$

由 $\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{T_s} \geq 1$ 知 $\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{a_{T_s}} \leq \frac{T_{s+1}}{T_s} = \theta$, 因而当 θ 充分接近于 1 时, 存在 $\varepsilon' > 0$, 使得 $\frac{1}{1+\varepsilon} \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{a_{T_s}} \leq 1 - \varepsilon'$.

故

$$\begin{aligned}
\sum_{s=1}^{\infty} P(A_s) &\leq \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_{s+1}))^3 \exp \left\{ - \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{T_{s+1}} \right)^{\frac{1}{1+\varepsilon} \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{a_{T_s}}} \frac{T_s}{a_{T_{s+1}}} \right\} \\
&\leq \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_{s+1}))^3 \exp \left\{ - c \left(\frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}} \right)^{\varepsilon'} \right\} \leq \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} c_2 \exp \{-c_2(n+1)^{\delta}\} < \infty, \quad \delta > 0.
\end{aligned}$$

从而

$$\lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} \max_{1 \leq i \leq J_{s+1}} \inf_{0 \leq t_i \leq T_s - a_{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq u \leq j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq v \leq \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}} \left(\frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_s}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| \leq 1. \quad (16)$$

若 $R = [x, x+u] \times [y, y+v]$, 则对任 $R \in L_t(a_{T_{s+1}})$, 都有 $xy = t, uv \leq a_{T_{s+1}}$, $0 \leq x, y \leq$

$\sqrt{T_{s+1}}, 0 \leq x+u, y+v \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}$, 从而存在一个 $j, 0 \leq j \leq T_{s+1}$, 使得

$$j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3} \leq u \leq (j+1) \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}.$$

此时 R 可分为两部分,一部分 R_1 包含在矩形

$$[x, x + j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}] \times [y, y + \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}]$$

之中,另一部分 R_2 包含在矩形

$$[x + j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}, x + (j+1) \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}] \times [y, y + \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}]$$

之中.于是有

$$\begin{aligned} & \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq x \leq T_s - a_{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{R \in L_i(a_{T_{s+1}})} \left(\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_s}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| \\ & \leq \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \max_{0 \leq j \leq T_{s+1}} \inf_{0 \leq x \leq T_s - a_{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq x_1 \leq j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq v_1 \leq \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}} \left(\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_s}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R_1)| \\ & + \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{0 \leq x \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq x_2 \leq \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq v_2 \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq y + v_2 \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \left(\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_s}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R_2)| \stackrel{\Delta}{=} I_1 + I_2. \end{aligned} \quad (17)$$

由(16)知 $I_1 \leq 1$,对于 I_2 利用[4]定理 1.12.5 就有

$$\begin{aligned} I_2 &= \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{0 \leq x \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq x_2 \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq v_2 \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq x + v_2 \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \sup_{0 \leq y + v_2 \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}}} \beta_{T_s} |W(R)| \\ &\times \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_s}} \right)^{1/2} \cdot \beta_{T_s}^{-1} = 0, \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

这里 $\beta_{T_s} = (2 \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3} \sqrt{T_{s+1}} (\log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} + \log \log \sqrt{T_{s+1}}))^{-\frac{1}{2}}$. 由(16)、

(17)、(18)可推得(15)成立.

第二步证明

$$\overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq x \leq T_s - a_{T_s}} \sup_{R \in L_i(a_{T_s})} \left(\frac{a_{T_s}}{\pi^2 a_{T_s}} \right)^{1/2} |W(R)| \geq 1 \quad a.s. \quad (19)$$

利用定理 1,有

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq t \leq T, -a_T R \in L_t(a_T)} \sup_{\frac{8 \log T}{\pi^2 a_T}}^{1/2} |W(R)| \geq \overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{\substack{0 \leq t \leq \sqrt{T} \\ 0 \leq R \leq \sqrt{T} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \sqrt{a_T} \\ 0 \leq R \leq \sqrt{a_T}}} \sup_{\frac{8 \log T}{\pi^2 a_T}}^{1/2} |W(R)| = 1.$$

于是第二步证毕. 即定理 2, i) 证毕.

ii) 由定理 B, 要证(14), 只证明在 $\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T}{a_T}}{\log \log T} = \infty$ 时

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq t \leq T, -a_T R \in L_t(a_T)} \sup_{\frac{8 \log T}{\pi^2 a_T}}^{1/2} |W(R)| \leq 1, \quad (20)$$

完全类似于 i) 第一步证明可推得(20).

系 在定理 2 的条件下, 有

i) 若 $\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T}{a_T}}{\log \log T} = r, 0 < r < \infty$, 则

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq t \leq T, -a_T R \in L_t(a_T)} \gamma_T |W(R)| = \sqrt{\frac{r+1}{r}} \text{ a.s.} \quad (21)$$

ii) 若 $\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T}{a_T}}{\log \log T} = \infty$, 则

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq t \leq T, -a_T R \in L_t(a_T)} \gamma_T |W(R)| = 1 \text{ a.s.} \quad (22)$$

定理 3 在定理 C 的条件下, 若

i) $\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T}{a_T}}{\log \log T} = r, 0 < r < \infty$, 则

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{\substack{0 \leq t \leq T \\ R \in M_s(t)}} \sup_{\rho(T, t)} |W(R)| = \sqrt{\frac{r+1}{r}} \text{ a.s.} \quad (23)$$

ii) $\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T}{a_T}}{\log \log T} = \infty$, 则

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{\substack{0 \leq t \leq T \\ R \in M_s(t)}} \sup_{\rho(T, t)} |W(R)| = 1 \text{ a.s.} \quad (24)$$

证明 i) 第一步证明对 $\forall d < \sqrt{\frac{r+1}{r}}$

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{\substack{0 \leq t \leq T \\ R \in M_s(t)}} \sup_{\rho(T, t)} |W(R)| \geq d \text{ a.s.} \quad (25)$$

为此取 $\theta > 1, \varepsilon > 0$, 使得 $\frac{1}{d^2 \theta} > \frac{r}{r+1} + \varepsilon, d^2 \theta > 1$, 记 $T_n = e^{\theta^n}, K_n = [\log_\theta \frac{T_n}{a_{T_n}}] + 1, t_k = \theta^k a_{T_n}, (0 < k < K_n)$, $\varphi(n, k) = \log \frac{T_n}{t_{k+1}} + \log \log t_{k+1}, J_{nk} = [\frac{T_n}{t_k} \varphi^k] + 1, s_j = j \frac{t_k}{\varphi^k} (\varphi^k \leq j \leq J_{nk})$. 于是有

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} B_T \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{\substack{0 \leq t \leq T \\ R \in M_s(t)}} \sup_{\rho(T, t)} |W(R)|$$

$$\geq \overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \min_{0 \leq k \leq K_n} \inf_{R \in M_s(t_k)} \sup_{\rho(T_n, t_{k+1})} |W(R)| \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \overline{\lim}_{n \rightarrow \infty} A_n \geq \overline{\lim}_{n \rightarrow \infty} A_n,$$

其中 $\bar{M}_s(t_k) = \{R : R \in M_s(t), (x_2 - x_1) \vee (y_2 - y_1) \leq \sqrt{t_k}\}$, 且有

$$\begin{aligned} A_s &\geq \min_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} \min_{\varphi \leq j \leq J_{s,k}} \sup_{R \in \bar{M}_s(t_j)} \rho(T_s, t_{k+1}) |W(R)| - 6 \max_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} \max_{\varphi \leq j \leq J_{s,k}} \sup_{\substack{\varphi \leq j \leq J_{s,k+1} \\ R \in \bar{M}_s(\sqrt{t_k}(s_{j+1} - s_j))}} \rho(T_s, t_{k+1}) |W(R)| \\ &\stackrel{\Delta}{=} \min_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} A_{sk} - 6 \max_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} B_{sk}. \end{aligned}$$

利用[2]中引理有

$$\sum_{s=1}^{\infty} P \left\{ \min_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} A_{sk} < d \right\} \leq c \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} K_s e^{-(r+\frac{1}{\ell^2})s} n^6 \leq c \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} e^{-(r+\frac{1}{\ell^2})s} n^7 < \infty,$$

故

$$\lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} \min_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} A_{sk} \geq d \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (26)$$

另一方面, 利用[4]定理 1.12.6

$$\sum_{s=1}^{\infty} P \left\{ \max_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} B_{sk} \geq \varepsilon \right\} \leq c \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(e^s)^4} \cdot n < \infty,$$

故

$$\overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \max_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} B_{sk} = 0 \quad \text{a.s.} \quad (27)$$

因而

$$\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} B_T \geq \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} A_s \geq \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \min_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} A_{sk} - 6 \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \max_{0 \leq k \leq K_s} B_{sk} \geq d$$

因此 i) 第一步证毕.

第二步证 $\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} B_T \leq \sqrt{\frac{r+1}{r}}$.

设 $0 < r < \infty$, 对 $\forall d > \sqrt{\frac{r+1}{r}}$, 取 $\varepsilon > 0$, 使 $\frac{1}{d^2} < \frac{r}{r+1} - \varepsilon$, 令 $T_s = e^s$, 记 $R = [x-u, x] \times [y-v, y]$. 用 $\frac{a_{T_s}}{\sqrt{T_s}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}$ 来分割区间 $[0, T_s]$, 各分点为

$$0, \frac{a_{T_s}}{\sqrt{T_s}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}, 2 \frac{a_{T_s}}{\sqrt{T_s}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}, \dots, J_s \frac{a_{T_s}}{\sqrt{T_s}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3},$$

这里 $J_s = [\frac{T_s}{a_{T_s}} (\varphi(T_s))^3] + 1$. 然后考察概率:

$$\begin{aligned} P(A_s) &\stackrel{\Delta}{=} P \left\{ \max_{1 \leq j \leq J_{s+1}} \inf_{\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3} \leq x \leq \sqrt{T_s}} \sup_{0 \leq u \leq j \frac{a_{T_s+1}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq v \leq \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{r_s} (\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_{s+1}}})^{1/2}} |W(R)| \geq d \right\} \\ &\leq \sum_{j=1}^{J_s+1} P \left\{ \inf_{\frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3} \leq x \leq \sqrt{T_s}} \inf_{\frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \leq y \leq \sqrt{T_s}} \sup_{0 \leq u \leq j \frac{a_{T_s+1}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq v \leq \frac{a_{T_s+1}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\sup_{\substack{0 \leq v \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}} \\ j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{r_s} (\frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_{s+1}}})^{1/2} |W(R)|} \geq d \} \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \sum_{j=1}^{J_{s+1}} P(A_s^{(j)}),$$

$$\log \frac{T_s}{a_{T_s}}$$

这里 $r_s = \frac{\log \frac{T_s}{a_{T_s}}}{\log \log T_s}$. 对于 $P(A_s^{(j)})$, 令

$$x_i = i(j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}), i = 1, 2, \dots, p_s^{(j)}, \quad p_s^{(j)} = [\frac{\sqrt{T_s T_{s+1}}}{j a_{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}] - 1,$$

$$y_k = k(j \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_s}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}), k = 1, 2, \dots, Q_s^{(j)}, \quad Q_s^{(j)} = [j \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}] - 1,$$

于是

$$P(A_s^{(j)}) \leq P \left\{ \min_{1 \leq i \leq p_s^{(j)}} \min_{1 \leq k \leq Q_s^{(j)}} \sup_{1 \leq s \leq j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq v \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}} \\ j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{r_s} (\frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_{s+1}}})^{1/2} |W(R)|} \geq d \right\}$$

$$\leq \exp \{-cn^\delta\}, \quad \delta > 0.$$

进而

$$\sum_{s=1}^{\infty} P(A_s) \leq \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} n^s \log n^s \exp \{-cn^\delta\} < \infty,$$

即

$$\overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \max_{1 \leq i \leq p_s^{(j)}} \inf_{1 \leq k \leq Q_s^{(j)}} \sup_{1 \leq s \leq j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq v \leq \sqrt{T_{s+1}} \\ j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{r_s} (\frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{T_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{T_{s+1}}})^{1/2} |W(R)|} \leq d. \quad (28)$$

对任一 $R = [x-u, x] \times [y-v, y] \in M_s(a_{T_{s+1}})$, 有 $uv \leq a_{T_{s+1}}, xy = s, 0 \leq x, y \leq \sqrt{s}, 0 \leq x-u, y-v \leq \sqrt{s}$. 故存在一个 j 使得

$$j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3} \leq u \leq (j+1) \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3},$$

即 R 可分为两部分, 一部分 R_1 在矩形

$$[x - j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}, x] \times [y - \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}, y]$$

中, 另一部分 R_2 在矩形

$$[x - (j+1) \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}, x - j \frac{a_{T_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}} (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}] \times [y - \frac{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}, y]$$

中. 于是有

$$\begin{aligned}
& \overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} B_T \leq \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{r_{s+1} \leq t \leq T, R \in M_s(a_{r_{s+1}})} \sup_{((1+\frac{1}{r_{s+1}}) \frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{r_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{r_{s+1}}})^{1/2} |W(R)|} \\
& \leq \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \max_{1 \leq j \leq J_{s+1}, a_{r_{s+1}}} \inf_{0 \leq r_1 \leq j \frac{a_{r_{s+1}}}{\sqrt{T_{s+1}}}, (\varphi(T_s))^{-3}} \sup_{0 \leq r_1 \leq \frac{\sqrt{r_{s+1}}}{j(\varphi(T_s))^{-3}}} ((1+\frac{1}{r_{s+1}}) \frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{r_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{r_{s+1}}})^{1/2} |W(R_1)| \\
& + \overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{0 \leq r_2 \leq \sqrt{r_{s+1}}} ((1+\frac{1}{r_{s+1}}) \frac{8 \log \frac{T_{s+1}}{a_{r_{s+1}}}}{\pi^2 a_{r_{s+1}}})^{1/2} |W(R'_2)| \\
& \stackrel{\Delta}{=} I_1 + I_2,
\end{aligned} \tag{29}$$

这里 $R'_2 = [x, x+u_2] \times [y, y+v_2]$, 由(28)知 $I_1 \leq \sqrt{\frac{r+1}{r}}$, 由定理2,(18)知 $I_2 = 0$, 于是第二步证毕. 即 i) 证毕. ii) 要证(24)成立只要证明在 $\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \frac{T}{a_T}}{\log \log T} = \infty$ 时有

$$\overline{\lim}_{s \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{r_s \leq t \leq T, R \in M_s(t)} \rho(T, t) |W(R)| \leq 1. \tag{30}$$

完全类似于 i) 第二步的证明可证(30)成立.

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Some results for two-parameter Wiener Process

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Abstract

In this paper we discuss some results of two-parameter Wiener process, which is related to [1]. First we find the normalizing factor μ , such that $\overline{\lim}_{T \rightarrow \infty} \inf_{0 \leq s \leq T-t, 0 \leq t \leq T-s} \sup_{0 \leq u \leq s, 0 \leq v \leq t} |W([x, x+s] \times [y, y+t])| = 1$. Then we give $\overline{\lim}$ of more general increments and $\overline{\lim}$ of their leg increments.

Keywords two-parameter Wiener process, normalizing factor, increment, leg increment.